

# Corrigendum to Communicable Diseases Surveillance in Singapore 2019 – 2020

Chapter	Page [paragraph/table]	Amendments in the Annual Report					Reason for amendment												
Chapter 1: Overview and Special Feature	Page 2 Table: Infectious disease notifications and deaths in 2019	<table><tr><th>Diseases</th><th>No. of notified cases</th><th>No of Deaths+</th><th>Crude incidence rate*</th><th>Mortality rate*</th></tr><tr><td>HIV/AIDS**</td><td>323</td><td>63</td><td><del>8.8</del> 8.0</td><td>1.6</td></tr></table>					Diseases	No. of notified cases	No of Deaths+	Crude incidence rate*	Mortality rate*	HIV/AIDS**	323	63	<del>8.8</del> 8.0	1.6	Typographical amendment.		
		Diseases	No. of notified cases	No of Deaths+	Crude incidence rate*	Mortality rate*													
HIV/AIDS**	323	63	<del>8.8</del> 8.0	1.6															
** Referred to Singaporeans/PR cases.																			
Chapter 1: Overview and Special Feature	Page 6 Table: Infectious Disease Notifications in Singapore, 2001-2020, cont'd)	<table><tr><th>Year</th><th>2019</th><th>2020</th></tr><tr><td colspan="3">Incidence Rate (per 100,000 population)</td></tr><tr><td colspan="3"><u>Blood-Borne &amp; Sexually Transmitted Diseases</u></td></tr><tr><td>HIV/AIDS</td><td><del>8.8</del> 8.0</td><td>6.5</td></tr></table>					Year	2019	2020	Incidence Rate (per 100,000 population)			<u>Blood-Borne &amp; Sexually Transmitted Diseases</u>			HIV/AIDS	<del>8.8</del> 8.0	6.5	Typographical amendment.
		Year	2019	2020															
Incidence Rate (per 100,000 population)																			
<u>Blood-Borne &amp; Sexually Transmitted Diseases</u>																			
HIV/AIDS	<del>8.8</del> 8.0	6.5																	
Chapter 5: Blood-Borne and Sexually Transmitted Diseases	Hepatitis B	The resident incidence rate was highest in the 25-34 <del>and 35-44 years</del> age group and in the 35-44 years age group in 2019 and 2020, respectively. The male to female ratio among cases was 5:1 in 2019 and 6.3:1 in 2020 (Tables 5.1 and 5.2). Among the three major ethnic groups, Indians had the highest incidence rate in 2019 while in 2020 Malays had the highest incidence rate (Tables 5.3 and 5.4). The majority of the cases were local cases (77.8% in 2019) and (93.2% in 2020) (Table 5.5).					There were errors in the calculation of the age-specific resident incidence rate for Table 5.1, 5.2, and 5.7 (foreign residents were included in the calculation).												
	Paragraph 3, Page 1																		
	Table 5.1, 5.2, and 5.3		Table 5.1 Age-sex distribution and age-specific resident incidence rate of reported acute hepatitis B cases^, 2019					There were rounding errors in Table 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.6, 5.7, and 5.9 which resulted in the summation of the percentages to more than 100%.											
		<table><tr><th>Age group</th><th>Male</th><th>Female</th><th>Total</th><th>%</th><th>Resident incidence rate per 100,000 population*</th></tr><tr><td>0-4</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0.0</td></tr></table>					Age group	Male	Female	Total	%	Resident incidence rate per 100,000 population*	0-4	0	0	0	0	0.0	There were formatting errors for the decimal points in Table 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.6, 5.7, and 5.8.
Age group	Male	Female	Total	%	Resident incidence rate per 100,000 population*														
0-4	0	0	0	0	0.0														

5-14	0	0	0	0	0.0
15-24	0	0	0	0	0.0
25-34	11	4	15	41.7	0.7 <del>2.6</del>
35-44	10	1	11	30.5 30.6	0.7 <del>1.8</del>
45-54	8	1	9	25.0	1.3 <del>1.5</del>
55-64	1	0	1	2.8	0.2
65+	0	0	0	0	0.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>100</b>	-

^ Excluded tourists and foreigners seeking medical treatment in Singapore.

\*Rates are based on 2019 estimated mid-year population.

(Source: Singapore Department of Statistics)

**Table 5.2**  
**Age-sex distribution and age-specific resident incidence rate of reported acute hepatitis B cases^, 2020**

Age group	Male	Female	Total	%	Resident incidence rate per 100,000 population*
0-4	0	0	0	0	0
5-14	0	0	0	0	0
15-24	1	1	2	4.0 <del>4.5</del>	0.2 <del>0.4</del>
25-34	10	1	11	25.0	0.2 <del>1.9</del>
35-44	11	3	14	31.8	1.5 <del>2.3</del>
45-54	11	0	11	25.0	1.0 <del>1.8</del>
55-64	3	0	3	6.8	0.5
65+	2	1	3	6.8	0.3 <del>0.5</del>
<b>Total</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>100</b>	-

^ Excluded tourists and foreigners seeking medical treatment in Singapore.

\*Rates are based on 2020 estimated mid-year population.

(Source: Singapore Department of Statistics)

**Table 5.3**  
**Ethnic-sex distribution and ethnic-specific incidence rate of reported acute hepatitis B cases<sup>^</sup>, 2019**

	Male	Female	Total	%	Incidence rate per 100,000 population*
Singapore residents					
Chinese	9	2	11	30.6	0.4
Malay	2	0	2	5.5 <del>5.6</del>	0.4
Indian	4	0	4	11.1	1.1
Others	0	0	0	0.0 <del>0.0</del>	0.0 <del>0.0</del>
Foreign residents	15	4	19	52.8	1.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>0.6</b>

<sup>^</sup> Excluded tourists and foreigners seeking medical treatment in Singapore.

\*Rates are based on 2019 estimated mid-year population.

(Source: Singapore Department of Statistics)

The resident incidence rate was highest in the 45-54 years age group and the 25-34 **and 35-44 years** age group in 2019 and 2020, respectively. An overall male to female ratio among cases was 18:1 in 2019 and 5:1 in 2020 (Tables 5.6 and 5.7). Among the three major ethnic groups, Malays had the highest incidence rate in both 2019 and 2020 (Tables 5.8 and 5.9). All cases were local cases in 2019 while there was one imported case in 2020 (Table 5.10).

>> Hepatitis C

Paragraph 3, Page 3

Table 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, and 5.9

**Table 5.6**  
**Age-sex distribution and age-specific resident incidence rate of reported acute hepatitis C cases^, 2019**

Age group	Male	Female	Total	%	Resident incidence rate per 100,000 population*
0-4	0	0	0	0	0.0
5-14	0	0	0	0	0.0
15-24	0	1	1	5.3	0.2
25-34	4	0	4	21.0 <del>21.1</del>	0.7
35-44	5	0	5	26.3	0.8
45-54	6	0	6	31.6	1.0
55-64	2	0	2	10.5	0.3
65+	1	0	1	5.3	0.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>-</b>

^ Excluded tourists and foreigners seeking medical treatment in Singapore.

\*Rates are based on 2019 estimated mid-year population.

(Source: Singapore Department of Statistics)

**Table 5.7**  
**Age-sex distribution and age-specific resident incidence rate of reported acute hepatitis C cases^, 2020**

Age group	Male	Female	Total	%	Resident incidence rate per 100,000 population*
0-4	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
5-14	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
15-24	1	0	1	5.6	0.2
25-34	6	2	8	44.4	1.0 <del>1.4</del>
35-44	6	0	6	33.3	1.0
45-54	1	0	1	5.6	0.2
55-64	1	1	2	11.1	0.3

65+	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>-</b>

^ Excluded tourists and foreigners seeking medical treatment in Singapore.

\*Rates are based on 2020 estimated mid-year population.

(Source: Singapore Department of Statistics)

**Table 5.8**  
**Ethnic-sex distribution and ethnic-specific incidence rate of reported acute hepatitis C cases<sup>^</sup>, 2019**

	Male	Female	Cases	%	Incidence rate per 100,000 population*
Singapore residents					
Chinese	10	0	10	52.6	0.3
Malay	7	1	8	42.1	1.5
Indian	1	0	1	5.3	0.3
Others	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
Foreign residents	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>0.3</b>

^ Excluded tourists and foreigners seeking medical treatment in Singapore.

\*Rates are based on 2019 estimated mid-year population.

(Source: Singapore Department of Statistics)

**Table 5.9**  
**Ethnic-sex distribution and ethnic-specific incidence rate of reported acute hepatitis C cases<sup>^</sup>, 2020**

	Male	Female	Cases	%	Incidence rate per 100,000 population*
Singapore residents					
Chinese	7	0	7	38.9	0.2

